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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/596,205	08/07/2006	Gideon Kutz	SC13039EI	3421
23125 7590 02/09/2009 FREESCALE SEMICONDUCTOR, INC. LAW DEPARTMENT 7700 WEST DARMED LANE MD:TX/22/DL02			EXAMINER	
			RIZK, SAMIR WADIE	
7700 WEST PARMER LANE MD:TX32/PL02 AUSTIN, TX 78729		X32/PLU2	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2112	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/09/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/596,205	KUTZ ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	SAM RIZK	2112			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Jul</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 02 June 2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. □ accepted or b)⊠ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •			
,—	anniner. Note the attached Office	Action of form F 10-132.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/2/2006,8/7/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

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DETAILED ACTIONS

- Claims 1-11 have been submitted for examination
- Claims 1-11 have been rejected

Specification

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) THE NAMES OF THE PARTIES TO A JOINT RESEARCH AGREEMENT.
- (e) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC.
- (f) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (g) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (h) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (i) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (j) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (I) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).
- 1. The specification lacks the cross-reference to related applications section.

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Drawings

2. Figure 3 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. Sivan et al. US patent no. 6757701 teaches the same in figure 1. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claim invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
 - Each limitation in the decoder (apparatus) claim 1 is an abstract algorithm that can be carried by computer software program element and is not tangibly embodied. For example a calculator for calculating the modulo of a linear approximation of a MAX* function; and a selector for selecting a MAX* output

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value from the group a(n)modF, b(n)modF, and the calculated modulo based upon a determination as to whether a predetermined threshold value for la(n)-b(n)₁ has been met, where a(n) is a first state metric, b(n) is a second state metric, C is the predetermined threshold value and F is a value greater than I a(n)-b(n)I whereby to enable the calculator to calculate the modulo of the linear approximation of the MAX* function using a modF function of a(n)modF, b(n)modF and C are all mental steps that is not tangibly embodied in a hardware implementation. See MPEP § 2106.IV.B and In re Schrader, 22F.3d 290, 295(Fed.Cir.1994).

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- 4. Claims 2-8 depend from claim 1 and are rejected under 35 USC 101 for the same reasons as per claim 1.
- 5. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the claim invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

For Example, each limitation in the method claim 9, i.e. receiving a first modulo state metric a(n)modF, a second modulo state metric b(n)modF and a predetermined threshold value C for I a(n)-b(n) I, where F is a value greater than I a(n) -b(n) I whereby to enable the modulo of a linear approximation of a MAX* function to be calculated using a modF function of a(n)mod F, b(n)mod F and C; and selecting a value from the group a(n)modF, b(n)modF, and the calculated modulo based upon a determination as to whether the predetermined threshold value C for Ia(n)- b(n)_I has been met are pure mental steps or acts. To qualify under section 101 statutory process, the claim should positively recite the other

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statutory class (the thing or product) to which the application is tied. See MPEP § 2106.IV.B and *In re* Bilski 88 USPQ2d 1385. and In re Schrader, 22F.3d 290, 295(Fed.Cir.1994).

6. Claims 10-11 depend from claim 1 and are rejected under 35 USC 101 for the same reasons as per claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. Claims 1 -11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sivan et al. US patent no. 6757701 (Hereinafter Sivan) and further in view of Kato et al. US patent no. 6922711 (Hereinafter Kato).
- 8. In regard to claim 1, Sivan teaches:

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 (Currently Amended) A decoder for a wireless communication device comprising: Page 6

- a calculator for calculating the modulo of a linear approximation of a MAX* function; and
 (Figure 4 in Sivan)
- a selector for selecting a MAX* output value from the group a(n)modF, b(n)modF, and the calculated modulo based upon a determination as to whether a predetermined threshold value for I a(n)-b(n) I has been met, where a(n) is a first state metric, b(n) is a second state metric, C is the predetermined threshold value and F is a value greater than I a(n)-b(n) I whereby to enable the calculator to calculate the modulo of the linear approximation of the MAX* function using a modF function of a(n)modF, b(n)modF and C.
 (Figure 3 and col. 5, lines (55-67) through col. 6, lines (1-22) in Sivan)
 However, Sivan does no teach using modF function of an a(n)modF, b(n)modF
 Kato in an analogous art that teaches approximate calculator for non-linear function and MAP decoder teaches;
- modF function of an a(n)modF, b(n)modF
 (col. 4, line (67) through col. 5, lines (1-15) in Kato)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Kato that comprise using modF (mod2) function of a(n)modF, b(n)modF with the teaching of Sivan.

This modification would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at

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the time the invention was made, because one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the need to calculate an approximate value of MAX* without performing complex calculation using digital logic and or digital signal processing.

- 9. In regard to claim 2, Sivan teaches:
 - (Original) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the calculator is arranged
 to calculate the modulo of the linear approximation of the MAX* function
 using: (a(n)modF+ (((b(n)modF-a(n)modF)modF)/2 +C) modF.

(col. 5, equation [5] in Sivan)

- 10. In regard to claim 3, Sivan teaches:
 - (Original) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the calculator is arranged to calculate the modulo of the linear approximation of the MAX* function using:

[[((a(n)modF + C) modF/ 2) +b(n)modF] modF + F*s] where s is equal to
[a(m) XOR b(m)] AND [((a(m) XOR a(m-1)) and ((b(m) XOR b(m-1)] and a(m)
b(m) a(m-1) and b(m-1) are the most significant bits of a(n) b(n) a(n-1) and b(n-1) respectively.

(col. 5, equations [3] – [5] and lines (65-67) through col. 6, lines (1-20) and figure 3 in Sivan)

11. In regard to claim 4, Sivan teaches:

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(Currently Amended) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the determination is based upon the sign of (a(n)modF-b(n)modF-C)modF and the sign of (b(n)modF-a(n)modF-C)modF.
 (col. 5, equations [3] – [5] and lines (65-67) through col. 6, lines (1-20) and figure 3 in Sivan)

- 12. In regard to claim 5, Sivan teaches:
 - (Currently Amended) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the selector is arranged to select and output the modulo of the linear approximation of the MAX* function if the value la(n)-b(n)I is less than the predetermined threshold value.

(Figure 3 and col. 5, lines (55-67) through col. 6, lines (1-22) in Sivan)

- 13. In regard to claim 6, Kato teaches:
 - (Currently Amended) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the value of F is to the power of two.

(col. 4, line (67) through col. 5, lines (1-15) in Kato)

- 14. In regard to claim 7, Sivan teaches:
 - (Currently Amended) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the selector is a multiplexer.

(Figure 3, ref. (29) in Sivan)

- 15. In regard to claim 8, Sivan teaches:
 - (Currently Amended) A decoder according to claim 1, wherein the calculator is an add module that is arranged to receive a(n)modF, b(n)modF and C.

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(Figure 3, ref. (24) in Sivan)

16. Claim 9 is rejected for the same reasons as per claim 1.

17. Claim 10 is rejected for the same reasons as per claim 2.

18. Claim 11 is rejected for the same reasons as per claim 3.

Conclusion

19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- He et al. US publication 2003/00535566 teaches a method for efficient calculation of distance metric.

- Miyauchi US patent no. 6993703 teaches A decoder for performing log-sum corrections by means of a linear approximation.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sam Rizk whose telephone number is (571) 272-8191. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Scott Baderman can be reached on (571) 272-3644. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronics Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free)

/Sam Rizk/

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